Multiple Meaning Words

Many standardized tests assess knowledge of words with multiple meanings in the vocabulary section. We know that multiple meaning words pose unique problems to students, and we try to call attention to them when we come across them in discussions, on assignments, and in our reading. The words themselves are rarely difficult—kids even enjoy exploring different meanings—but on standardized tests students often seem to lose what they know about multiple meaning words because of the unfamiliar format of the questions.

To prepare kids, concentrate awhile on the language of the directions and format, and model the strategies that allow students to show their knowledge of multiple meaning words. The following section presents some sample teacher think-alouds that help students to confidently address multiple meaning word questions.

Introductory Lesson

You might say to students, “We know that some words have more than one meaning. Let’s name some of them.”

Write words on chalkboard or chart paper as students suggest them. After each word, ask for volunteers to give different meanings. After discussing several words, tell students they will probably encounter multiple meaning words on their standardized test in the spring, and that you are going to practice some test questions so they won’t get tripped up by unusual directions.

[Put the following example on a transparency so you can show what to do with your pencil—crossing out choices.]

**Directions:** Choose the word whose meanings fit both sentences.

I asked him not to _____ the glass.

It looks like there is only one _____ left.

- A. drink
- B. cup
- C. drop
- D. break

**Think-Aloud**

“Okay, it says to choose the word whose meanings fit both sentences. There’s that word—**both**—which alerts me to make sure my choice works in both sentences. I know that two or three of the possible answers will work fine in one of the sentences, but only one word will fit both sentences. I’m going to cover the second sentence with the pencil.”
Vocabulary

Independent Practice 1

Multiple Meaning Words

Directions: Choose the word whose meanings fit both sentences.

1. I wish you wouldn’t ____ your voice. How much money did we ____ for our new club?
   A. lower
   B. raise
   C. spend
   D. collect

2. We can use this ____ to measure that table. A new ____ was elected by the people to govern their country.
   E. yardstick
   F. king
   G. ruler
   H. president

3. He hurt his ____ when he ran into the door. Try to put this thread through the ____ of that needle.
   A. knee
   B. opening
   C. eye
   D. tip

4. A statement should be followed by a ____. The class ____ seemed to pass slowly.
   E. question mark
   F. decade
   G. period
   H. time

5. What a difficult ____ she had with today’s math test. At what ____ will you be home?
   A. point
   B. time
   C. period
   D. decision

6. Gasoline, oil, and diesel fuel are all ____ from petroleum. Mrs. Dupont came from an old and ____ family.
   E. wealthy
   F. made
   G. refined
   H. established

7. We had to ____ the dense undergrowth to reach the old camp. The old blacksmith still fashioned horseshoes on his ____.
   A. force
   B. go
   C. stove
   D. forge

8. You should always ____ an agreement with a handshake. Be sure you ____ the plastic storage bag, so it won’t leak.
   E. seal
   F. clamp
   G. use
   H. fill